Columbia River Federal Dam NPDES Permits

Background:

- In 2013, Columbia Riverkeeper filed a complaint against the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) for discharges of oil and grease from Columbia River dams without NPDES permits. In 2014, the parties reached a settlement, including USACE's agreement to submit NPDES permit applications for outfalls with potential pollutant discharges. In January 2017, Columbia Riverkeeper reached the same settlement with the Bureau of Reclamation.
- The USACE and Bureau of Reclamation, in 2015 and 2017 respectively, submitted NPDES applications to EPA, requesting Clean Water Act authorization of point source discharges from the dams.
- The state line between Washington and Oregon is in the middle of the Columbia River, and jurisdiction for NPDES permitting in the river is divided between the two states.
 Oregon has jurisdiction to issue NPDES permits to federal facilities in Oregon and is writing permits for dam outfalls discharging into Oregon. EPA is the permitting authority for federal facilities in Washington and is writing permits for dam outfalls that discharge into Washington.

Key Points:

- EPA is working closely with federal, state, and tribal partners on the upcoming NPDES permits for the 9 federal dams on the Lower Columbia River (4), Lower Snake River (4), and Grand Coulee Dam (1). Federal partners include the USACE, Bureau of Reclamation, NOAA, Bonneville Power Administration, and US Fish and Wildlife Service. State partners include the states of Washington and Oregon. Tribal partners include tribes and tribal organizations with treaty rights or interest in the federal dams.
- Although EPA requested Sstate water quality certification of a draft permit in 2018, EPA
 has withdrawn that request since the permit requires additional internal review. EPA fully
 intends to reinitiate our requests for water quality certification from the state after we
 update the draft permits.
- EPA plans to publish the proposed permits for public comment in the second quarter of 2019. January or February 2019.

* Talking Points:

We are working closely with states and tribes as the permits are developed. States and
authorized tribes will have the opportunity to provide Clean Water Act water quality
certifications, which ensure that the permits will still allow them to meet the water quality
standards established for their respective waters.

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